1) An observer recorded the following data for the motion of a car undergoing constant acceleration.

Time (s)	Speed (m/s)
3.0	4.0
5.0	7.0
6.0	8.5

- A) $2.0 \,\text{m/s}^2$
- B) 4.5 m/s^2
- C) 1.5 m/s^2
- D) 1.3 m/s^2

- 2) How far will a brick starting from rest fall freely in 3.0 seconds?
 - A) 88 m

B) 15 m

C) 44 m

- D) 29 m
- 3) A car increases its speed from 9.6 meters per second to 11.2 meters per second in 4.0 seconds. The average acceleration of the car during this 4.0-second interval is
 - A) 5.2 m/s^2

- B) 2.4 m/s^2
- C) $0.40 \,\text{m/s}^2$
- D) 2.8 m/s^2
- 4) An astronaut standing on a platform on the Moon drops a hammer. If the hammer falls 6.0 meters vertically in 2.7 seconds, what is its acceleration?
 - A) $1.6 \,\text{m/s}^2$

- B) 2.2 m/s^2
- C) $9.8 \,\text{m/s}^2$
- D) 4.4 m/s^2
- A roller coaster, traveling with an initial speed of 15 meters per second, decelerates uniformly at -7.0 meters per second² to a full stop. Approximately how far does the roller coaster travel during its deceleration?
 - A) 1.0 m

B) 16 m

C) 32 m

- D) 2.0 m
- 6) What is the speed of a 2.5-kilogram mass after it has fallen freely from rest through a distance of 12 meters?
 - A) 15 m/s

B) 43 m/s

C) 4.8 m/s

D) 30. m/s